CRANIAL NERVES

Pure Motor	Pure Sensory	Mixed	Parasympathetic	Contain Taste Fibers		
3, 4, 6, 11, 12	1, 2, 8	5, 7, 9, 10	3, 7, 9, 10	7, 9, 10		

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Motor			~	~		~					~	/
Sensory	~	~						~				
Mixed					V		~		✓	/		
Parasympathetic			~				~		~	~		
Taste fiber							~		~	~		

FUNCTIONS

	Cranial Nerve	Opening in skull	Functions
- 1	Olfactory	Cribriform plate	Sensory to olfaction (smell)
Ш	Optic	Optic canal	Sensory to vision
III	Oculomotor	Superior orbital fissure	Motor to the superior, inferior, medial rectus muscles, the inferior oblique muscle, the levator palpebrae superioris muscle Parasympathetic innervation to constrict pupil and accomodate eye
IV	Trochlear	Superior orbital fissure	Motor to the superior oblique muscle that turns the eye downward and laterally
			Sensory to cornea, skin of the forehead, scalp, eyelids, and nose; mucous membrane of the paranasal sinuses and nasal cavity
		V1: Superior orbital fissure	• Sensory to skin of face over the maxilla and upper lip; teeth of upper jaw; mucous membrane of the nose; maxillary air sinus
V	Trigeminal	V2: Foramen rotundum V3: Foramen ovale	Sensory to skin of the cheek, skin over the mandible, and side of head; teeth of lower jaw and TMJ; mucous membrane of the mouth and anterior two-thirds of the tongue Motor to muscles of mastication (temporalis, masseter, medial and lateral pterygoids), anterior belly of the digastric, mylohyoid, tensor tympani, and tensor veli palatini
VI	Abducens	Superior orbital fissure	Motor to the lateral rectus muscle – turns eye laterally
VII	Facial	Internal auditory meatus, facial canal, stylomastoid foramen	Motor to muscles of facial expression, stapedius, stylohyoid, posterior belly of the digastric Taste from the anterior two-thirds of the tongue, and palate Parasympathetic innervation of the submandibular and sublingual salivary glands, lacrimal gland, and glands of the nose and palate
VIII	Vestibulocochlear	Internal auditory meatus	 Vestibular nerve: Position and movement of the head Cochlear nerve: Hearing
ıx	Glossopharyngeal	Jugular foramen	 Motor to the stylopharyngeus muscle Taste from the posterior third of the tongue Sensory to general sensation from pharynx, sensory fibers from the carotid sinus Parasympathetic innervation of the parotid gland
х	Vagus	Jugular foramen	 Motor: innervates constrictor muscles of the pharynx and intrinsic muscles of the larynx Parasympathetic innervation to structures in the neck, thorax and most of abdomen to splenic flexure of colon Taste from valleculae and epiglottis Afferent fibers (sensation) from above structures
ΧI	Accessory	Jugular foramen	Motor to the SCM and trapezius muscles
XII	Hypoglossal	Hypoglossal canal	Motor to the intrinsic and extrinsic muscles of the tongue (except the palatoglossus muscle)

	Mnemonic to Remember Names of the Cranial Nerves
Managias	On Old Olympus' Towering Top, A Finn And German Vaulted And Hopped
Mnemonics	Mnemonic to Remember Whether Nerve is Sensory, Motor, or Both
	Some Say Marry Money, But My Brother Says Bad Business Marrying Money

CRANIAL NERVES Page 2

CRANIAL NERVE

	CRANIAL NERVE S/M FUN				FUNCTION	EXAMINATION		
Ι	Olfactory	0		S	Sense of smell	Identify odors with eyes closed		
П	Optic	0	!	S	Vision	Test peripheral vision with one eye covered		
Ш	Oculomotor	0	N	И	Pupillary contraction, opening the eye, and most extraocular movements	Peripheral vision, eye chart, reaction to light		
IV	Trochlear	т	ı	V I	Downward, inward movement of the eye	Test ability to depress & adduct eye		
v	Tuissasiasi			М	Temporal and masseter muscles (jaw clenching), also lateral movement of the jaw			
V	V Trigeminal		В	S	Facial. The nerve has three divisions: ① ophthalmic ② maxillary ③ mandibular	Face sensation & clench teeth		
VI	Abducens	Α	ı	1	Lateral deviation of the eye	Test ability to abduct eye past midline		
VIII	VII Facial		В	М	Facial movements, including those of facial expression, closing the eye, and closing the mouth	Close eyes & smile; detect various tastes -		
ATT			В	S	Taste for salty, sweet, sour, and bitter substances on the anterior 2/3 of the tongue	sweet, sour, salty, bitter		
VIII	Acoustic (Vestibulocochlear)	Α		S	Hearing (cochlear division) and balance (vestibular division)	Hearing; balance-feet together, eyes open/closed × 5sec; test for past-pointing		
		М		M Pharynx		Pharynx		
IX	X Glossopharyngeal G B		s	Posterior portions of the eardrum and ear canal, the pharynx, and the posterior tongue, including taste (salty, sweet, sour, bitter)	Swallow & say "ah"; use tongue depressor to elicit gag reflex			
v	X Vagus v			М	Palate, pharynx, and larynx			
			В	S	Pharynx and larynx			
XI	Accessory	Α	N	V I	the sternomastoid and upper portion of the trapezius	Turn head (sternocleidomastoid muscles); shrug shoulders (trapezius muscles)		
XII	Hypoglossal	н	ı	И	Tongue	Protrude tongue (watch for lateral deviation)		

MNEMONIC TO REMEMBER

Names of the Cranial Nerves

● On Old Olympus' Towering Top, A Finn And German Vaulted And Hopped

Whether Nerve is Sensory, Motor, or Both

• Some Say Marry Money, But My Brother Says Bad Business Marrying Money

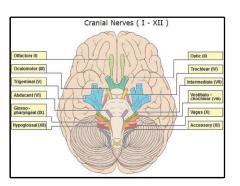
EXAMINATION

CN	Examination of the cranial nerves							
1	Smell							
2	Visual acuity, visual fields, and ocular fundi							
2, 3	upillary reactions							
3, 4, 6	Extraocular movements							
5	Corneal reflexes, facial sensation, and jaw movements							
7	Facial movements							
8	Hearing							
9, 10	Swallowing and rise of the palate, gag reflex							
5, 7, 10, 12	Voice and speech							
11	Shoulder and neck movements							
12	Tongue symmetry and position							

Cranial Nerves

 Cranial nerves are the nerves that emerge directly from the brain (including the brainstem) in contrast to spinal nerves (which emerge from segments of the spinal cord).

Each of twelve pairs of nerves that arise directly from the brain, not from the spinal cord, and pass through separate apertures in the skull.



Mnemonics

On	Olfactory (CN*I)	Sensory	Some
Occasion	Optic (CN II)	Sensory	Say
Our	Oculomotor (CN III)	Motor	Marry
Trusty	Trochlear (CN IV)	Motor	Money
Truck	Trigeminal (CN V)	Both**	But
Acts	Abducens (CN VI)	Motor	Ny
Funny	Facial (CN VII)	Both	Brother
Very	Vestibulocochlear (CN VIII)	Sensory	Says
Good	Glossopharyngeal (CN IX)	Both	Big
<u>V</u> ehicle	Vagus (CN X)	Both	Brains
Any	Accessory (CN XI)	Motor	Matter
How	Hypoglossal (CN XII)	Motor	More

Mnemonics

- 1. Oily Oranges On Tower Tickle Ants Funnily And Give Velvety Angry Hands
- 2. Oh Oh Oh Time Traveler Again Fool Angry Gods Victory Are His
- 3. O O O To Touch And Feel Very Good Varies After Hyperactivity
- 4. Old Open Oceans Trouble Tribesmen About Far Ventures, Global Vacations, Accusing Hydrophobia
- 5. Orange Oregon O-lineman Tried Track And Field, Victory Gave Virginia School Honor
- 6. On Occasion Our Trusty Truck Acts Funny, Very Good Vehicle Any How
- 7. Once One Openly Told Tourists About Fighting Vampires Gobling Various Antelope_Herds
- 8. On Old Olympus' Towering Top, A Friendly Viking Grew Vines And Hops
- 9. Oh Once One Takes The Anatomy Final Very Good Vacations Are Heavenly.
- 10. Oh, Oh, To Touch And Feel Very Good' Velvet Aah Hah
- 11. Old Optics Operate To TRY And Fake Very Good VEGAS Safe Houses
- 12. Oh, Oh, Oh, To Touch And Fondle A Gorgeous Very Super Human
- 13. Oh, Oh, To Touch And Feel Very Green Vegetables, Such Heaven
- 14. Oh, Oh, To Take A Family Vacation! Go Vegas After Hours
- 15. Old Opie Occasionally Tries Trigonometry And Feels Very Gloomy, Vague And Hypoactive
- 16. Oh, Oh, Oh, To Touch And Feel Vintage Green Velvet, Simply Heaven
- 17. Oprah Ought Order Tasty Treats And Finally Value Growing Voluptuous And Happy
- 18. Old Officers Often Trust The Army For A Glory Vague And Hypothetical
- 19. Old Oppressive Oceanic Trout Trick Aquatic Fauna Very Greedily; Valiant Sharks Hunt (them).
- 20. Oh Oh Oh Try Try Again Failure Victory Gives Value And Harmony

Memo

Tricks to Remember the Cranial Nerves WITHOUT Mnemonics

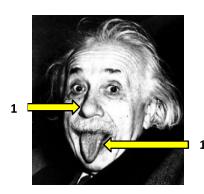
Reference books

- Bates' Guide to Physical Examination and History Taking
- Current Diagnosis & Treatment Neurology

CN 1. Olfactory



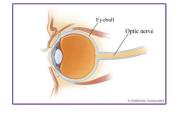




CN 2. Optic

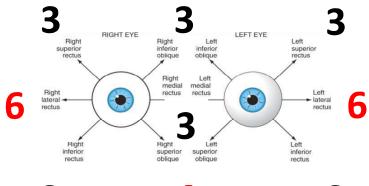






CN 3. Oculomotor

LR₆ = Lateral Rectus / **SO**₄ = Superior Oblique

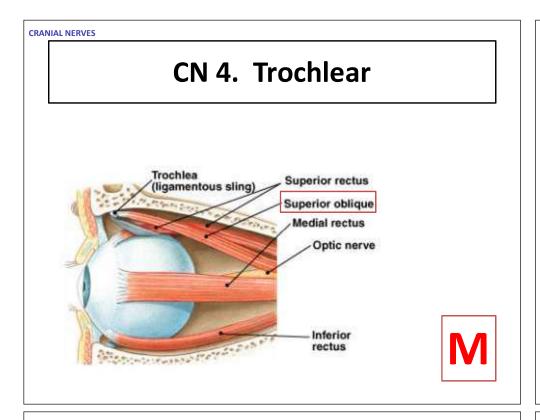


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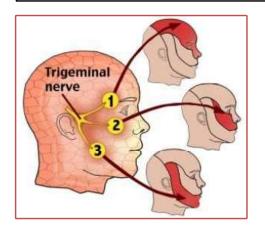
4

3





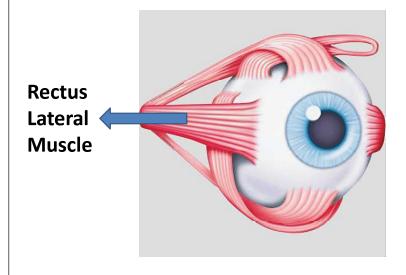






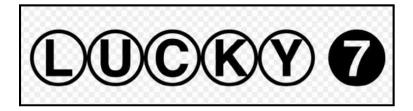
- **CN5** = 3 branches
- **CN7** = 5 branches





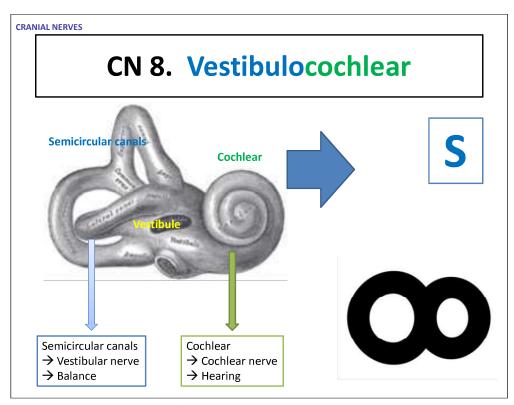


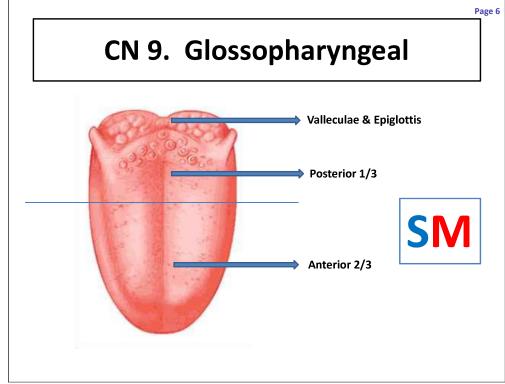
CN 7. Facial



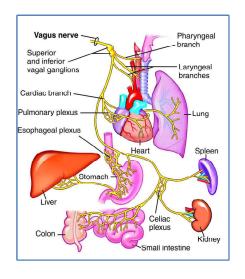
Lucky Face







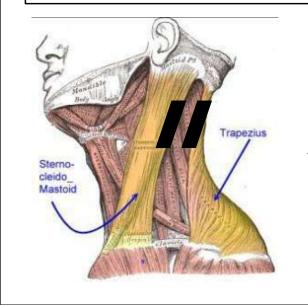
CN 10. Vagus



- Mixed M + S
- Parasympathetic
- Taste Fibers



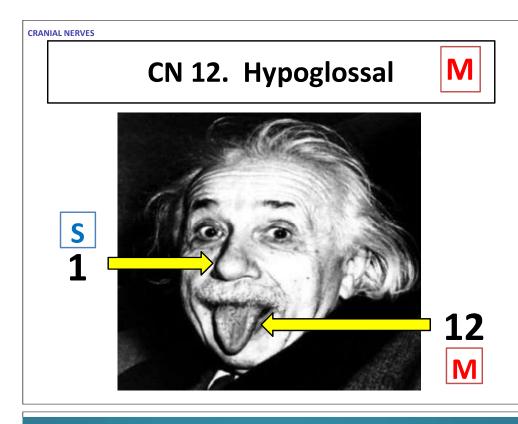
CN 11. Accessory





Accessory

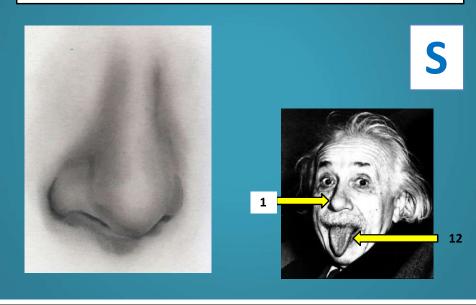




Examination of the Cranial Nerves

CN	Examination of the cranial nerves							
1	Smell							
2	Visual acuity, visual fields, and ocular fundi							
2, 3	Pupillary reactions							
3, 4, 6	Extraocular movements							
5	Corneal reflexes, facial sensation, and jaw movements							
7	Facial movements							
8	Hearing							
9, 10	Swallowing and rise of the palate, gag reflex							
5, 7, 10, 12	Voice and speech							
11	Shoulder and neck movements							
12	Tongue symmetry and position							

CN 1. Olfactory



I (olfactory)

- Test the sense of smell by presenting the patient with familiar and nonirritating odors.
- Not tested routinely
 - unless there is suspicion for inferior frontal lobe disease (e.g. meningioma)

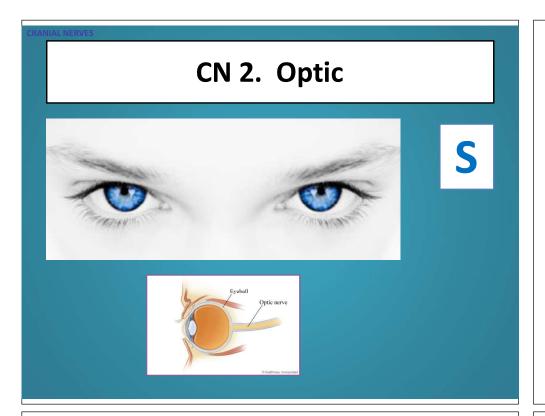






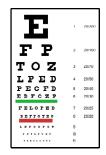






II (optic)

- Visual acuity
 - Snellen eye chart



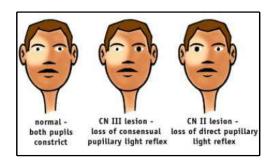
- Visual fields
 - by confrontation

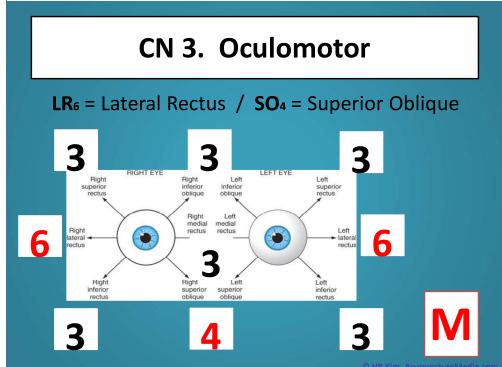


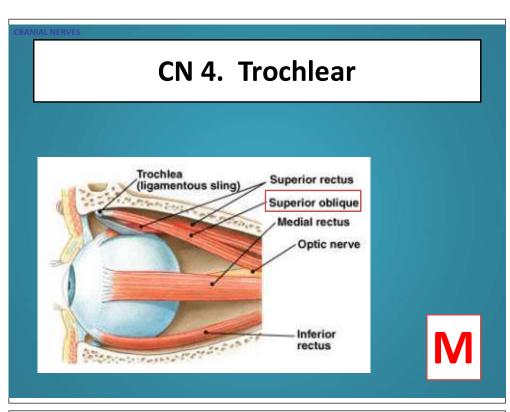
II (optic) & III (oculomotor)

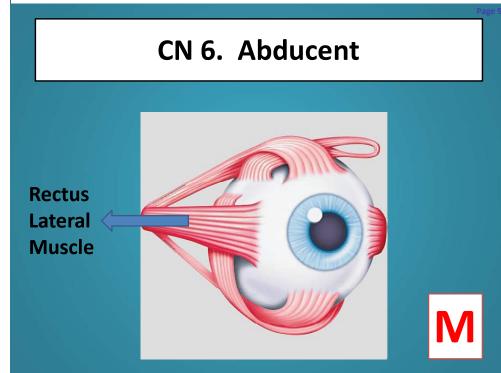
- Pupillary reactions to light
 - II = sensory
 - III = motor





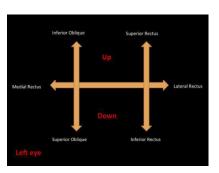


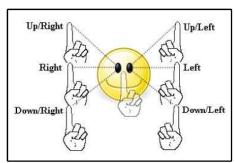


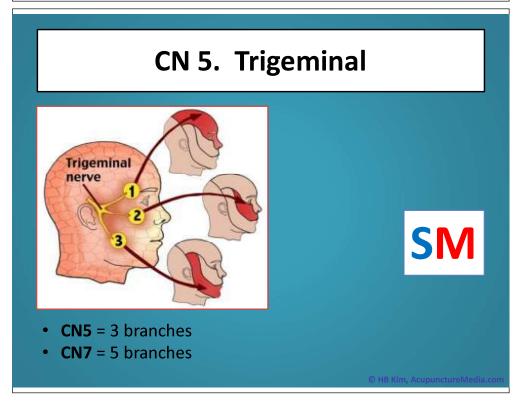


III (oculomotor), IV (trochlear), VI (abducens)

 Test the extraocular movements in the six cardinal directions of gaze, and look for loss of conjugate movements in any of the six directions, which causes diplopia.









V (trigeminal)

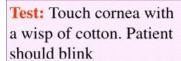
Test: Have patient bite down while you palpate the masseter muscle



MOTOR



Test: Touch patient with an open SENSORY paperclip and ask "sharp or dull"





CORNEAL REFLEX

VII (facial)

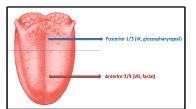
- Motor
 - smile, frown, raise eyebrows, show teeth, puff out cheeks



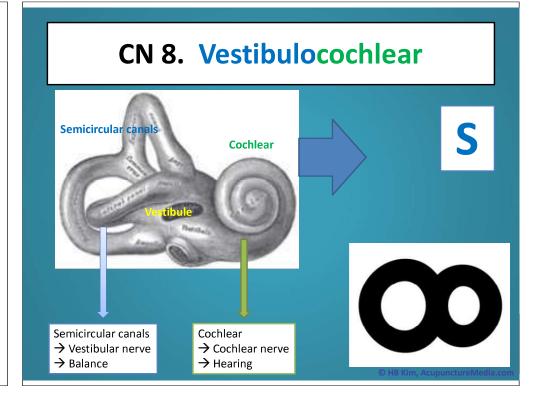
- Taste on anterior 2/3 of tongue
- Not tested routinely







CN 7. Facial Lucky Face

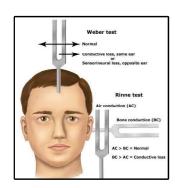


CRANIAL NERVES

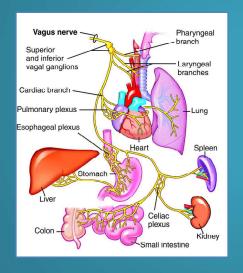
VIII (vestibulocochlear)

- Access hearing acuity
 - Ability to hear normal conversation
 - Whispered voice test
 - Weber and Rinne tuning fork test





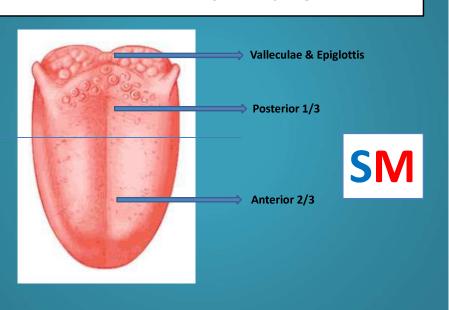
CN 10. Vagus



- Mixed M + S
- Parasympathetic
- Taste Fibers



CN 9. Glossopharyngeal

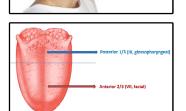


IX (glossopharyngeal) & X (vagus)

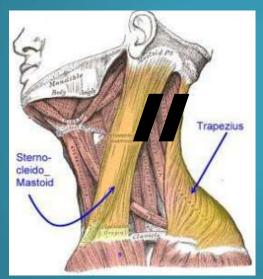
- Motor
 - Swallow
 - Ask the patient to say "ahhh" or to yawn as you watch the movements of the soft palate and the pharynx.
 - Gag reflex (IX = sensory, X = motor)



- Taste on posterior 1/3 of tongue
- Not routinely tested



CN 11. Accessory







XI (Accessory)

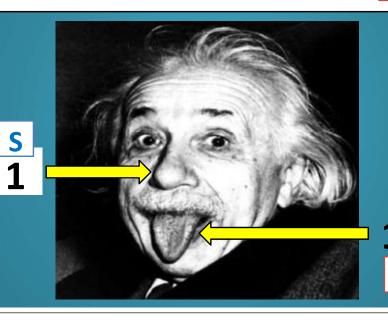
- Rotate head against resistance
- Shrug shoulders against resistance





CN 12. Hypoglossal





XII (hypoglossal)

- Have patient protrude tongue
 - No wasting or tremors
 - Tongue midline
- Say "light, tight, dynamite"
 - Not if clear and distinct



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Pure Motor

Page 13

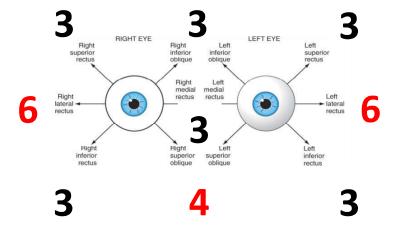
Motor / Sensory / Mixed

Pure Motor		Pure Sensory			Mixed			Parasympathetic			Contain Taste Fibers		
3, 4, 6, 11,	12	1,	2, 8		5, 7, 9, 10			3, 7, 9	, 10		7, 9, 10		
								_					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Motor			~	~		V					~	~	
Sensory	V	~						~					
Mixed					~		~		~	~			
Parasympathetic			~				~		~	~			
Taste fiber							~		~	~			

- 3 eyeball
- 4 eyeball, SO4
- 6 eyeball, LR6
- 11 SCM, trapezius muscle
- 12 tongue muscle

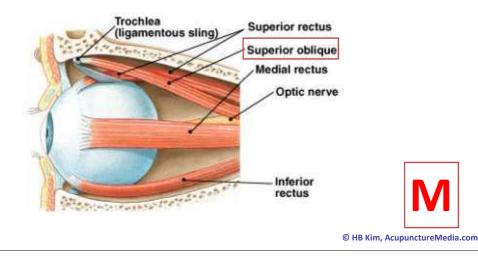
CN 3. Oculomotor

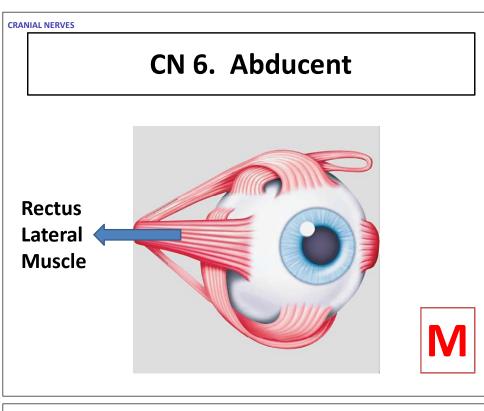
LR₆ = Lateral Rectus / **SO**₄ = Superior Oblique

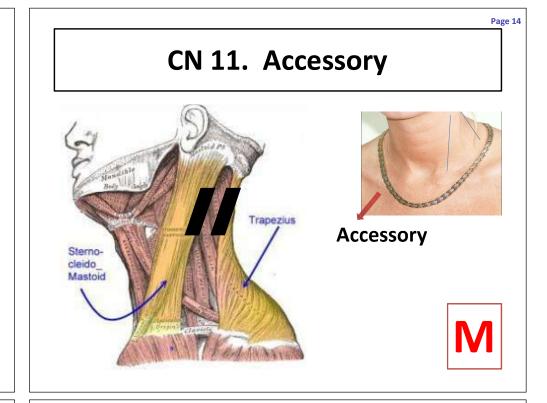


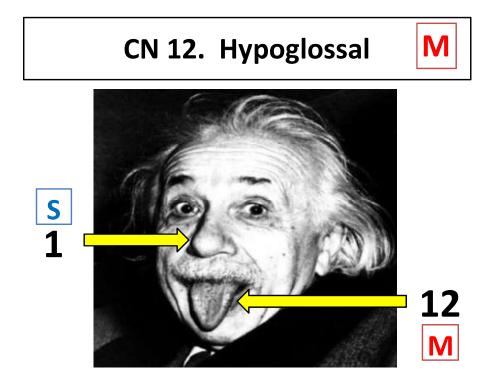


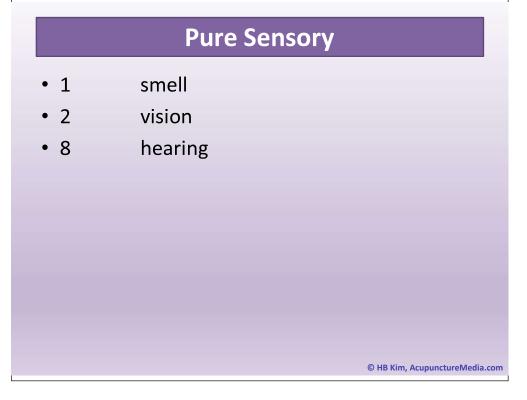
CN 4. Trochlear

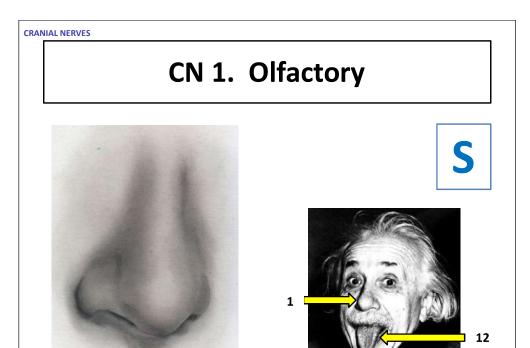


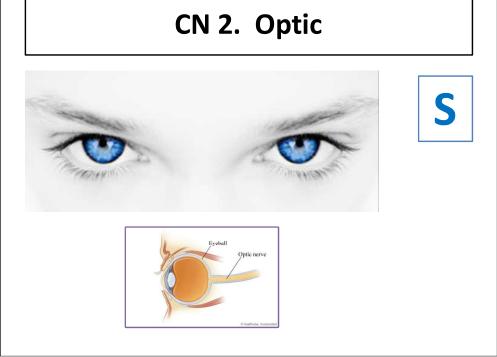


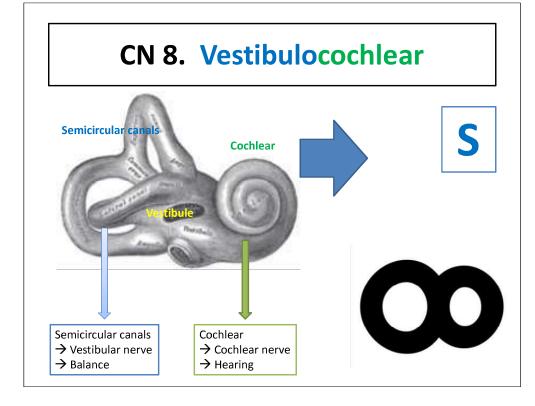








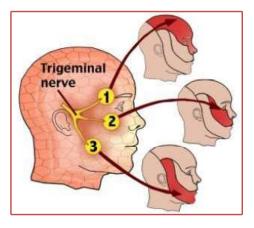




Mixed

- trigeminal sensory + mastication
- 7 facial expression + taste
- 9 stylopharyngeus muscle + taste
- 10 pharynx, larynx + taste

CN 5. Trigeminal





- **CN5** = 3 branches
- CN7 = 5 branches

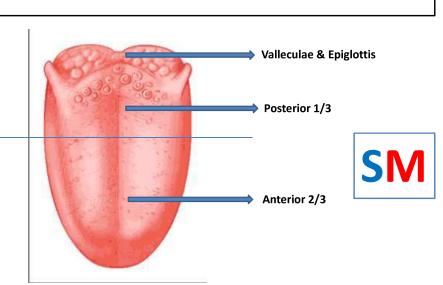
CN 7. Facial



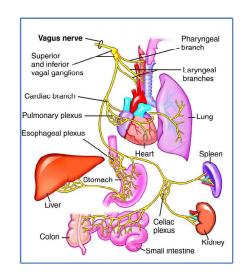
Lucky Face



CN 9. Glossopharyngeal



CN 10. Vagus



- Mixed M + S
- Parasympathetic
- Taste Fibers



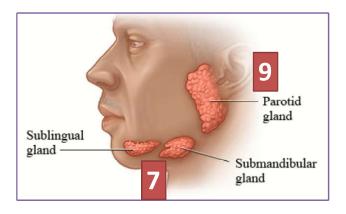
Page 17

Parasympathetic

- 3
 - constrict pupil and accommodate eye
- 7
 - <u>submandibular</u> and <u>sublingual</u> salivary glands, lacrimal gland, and glands of the nose and palate
- 9
 - parotid gland
- 10
 - structures in the neck, thorax and most of abdomen to splenic flexure of colon

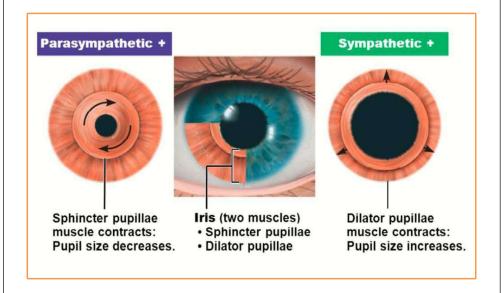
CN 7. Facial



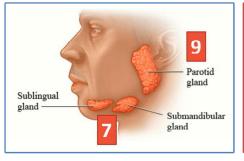


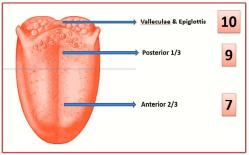
Lucky Face Lucky Tongue Lucky Saliva

CN 3. Oculomotor



CN 9. Glossopharyngeal





CRANIAL NERVES

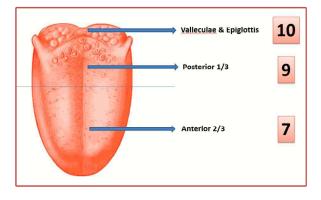
Contain Taste Fibers

Page 18

- 7 = anterior 2/3
- 9 = posterior 1/3
- 10 = vallecula and epiglottis







Lucky Face Lucky Tongue

